PLACATING M'LAUGHLIN.

THE RINGS COUNTY MEMBERS SAID TO BE GOING TO VOTE FOR MURPHY.

GOOD COMMITTEE PLACES FOUND FOR ALL THE "BOIS'S" ASSEMBLYMEN BY THE TROY ASPIRANT-ONLY THREE REPUBLICANS TO BE ON EACH IMPORTANT COM-

MITTEE-ELECTORS REACH-

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Albany, Jan. 8 .- The Presidential electors six votes for Grever Cleveland, a Democrat, for Precident. On the following day the Democratic members of the Legislature will meed in caucus and will elect Edward Murphy, jr., of Troy, as their candidate for United States Senator. These two important occurrences taking place so near together are the more remarkable, Mr. Cleveland, the President-elect of the United to the election of Murphy as Senator. When the two men meet in Washington, it is feared that the Cronstadt manifestations. hostilities may arise between them, as both are

The latest news from Brocklyn is that the Brooklyn Democratic Senators and Assemblymen will probably not have any candidate for Senator, and will vote for Murphy on the first ballot. If this news is true-and it seems well founded-McLaughlin has abandoned his support of places, and Mr. Murphy will be nominated on Tuesday on the first ballot by the unanimous vote of the Democratic Senators and Assembly-This would seem to be like a pretty emphatic declaration of hostility to Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Murphy had as his guest in Troy to-day Richard Croker, of New-York, but the Sunday rest of the two "statesmen" was disturbed by Lieutenant-Governor Sheeban, who came up from Albany with the list of Assembly committees, which had been kindly lent him by Speaker Sdizer, and who destred the opinion of Messrs. Murphy and Croker in regard to it. Mr. Murphy, being a candidate for the United States Senate, paturally had a personal interest in the placing of the Democratic Assemblymen in good positions upon the committees. Mr. Croker and Mr. Sheehan, having previously worked upon the list in New-York, had little curiosity about its com-

Mr. Murphy has been endeavoring with all his rigor to placate Hugh McLaughlin, the Demoboss of Kings County It has been reported from that county that its Democratic Senators Assemblymen, under instructions from McLaughlin, would vote in the caucus either for Mayor Boody or Congressman Coombs. This would be highly disagreeable to Mr. Murphy, for he desires a nomination for Senator without epposition and by acclamation. Mr. Murphy, therefore, this afternoon, with the aim of inducing McLaughlin to withdraw his opposition, it is said, picked out two important committee places for Kings County Assemblymon. One of the men for Kings County Assemblymen. One of the men-selected James F Quigley, is to be made chair-man of the Committee on Ways and Means, which puts him in the position of leader of the Assem-bly; and the other, John Cooney, is to be chair-man of the Judiciary Committee. Shields, another Kings County Assemblyman, is to be chairman of the Committee on Codes; and the re-maining fourteen Kings County Democrats are to receive good committee assignments. In order to make room for some of these patriots the names of Republican Assemblymen on certain commit-tees were cancelled.

of Republican Assemblymen on certain committees were cancelled.

After Mr. Murphy had inspected the list and
gene over it with a bine pencil it was found
to be a good deal transformed. Only three Republican members were put upon the important
committees, which will thus consist of eight Lemocrats and three Republicars. This is extremely
unjust treatment of the Republican minority.
The Republican party at the last election cast
only 45,000 votes less than the Democratic party
in this State, yet it is to have only threeelevenths representation in the Assembly. But
punishment will surely follow this move by the
Democrats. The Republican Assemblymen nearly
all come from rural counties and are prudent,
able and conservative men. They form the
most valuable element in the Assembly comwould be a balance-wheel in any Assembly commest valuable element in the Assembly. They would be a balance-wheel in any Assembly committee if they belonged to it in sufficient numbers. But Mr. Murphy, by thus cutting down the Republican representation in the committees, reduces the resistance to extravagant appropriations and unwise legislation of all kinds, and thus, from a party point of view, he makes a serious error, and one from which the Demecratic party will suffer.

When Mr. Murphy had arranged the Assembly committees to his satisfaction he returned the

When Mr. Murphy had arranged the Assembly committees to his satisfaction he returned the list to Lieutenaut-Governor Sheehan, who came back to this city and gave the list to Speaker Sulzer. Assemblyman Malby, of St. Lawrence County, the Republican leader in the Assembly, at Speaker Sulzer's request, called upon him this evening and cave him information about the desires of the Republican members in respect to committee places.

The New-York Democratic Assemblymen, besides having the Speakership, will get good committee places. Webster main is to be chairman of the Committee on Cities: Timothy D. Sullivan is to be chairman of the Committee on Gas and Electricity: Daniel R. Martin, it is said, is to be chairman either of the Insurance or the Railread Committee. Foley declines to be chairman of the Excise Committee again, and will be main to the Excise Committee again, and will be put at the head of some more important computant the head of some more important computant perhaps General Laws. Licutemant Governor Sheehan, of course, put the Eric County Democrats in good posts. There are five of them, and each is chairman of a committee. Guenther, it is said, will be chairman of the Canai Cannittee: Claban, of Excise: Goldberg, of Public Mittee: Claban, of Excise: Goldberg, of Public Mittee: Claban, of Agriculture, and Lenhard, of Militia. It is said that Governor Flower, who as a Seferson County man was educated in hostility a Jeferson County man was educated in hostility to the canals, insists upon the appointment of a canal committee which will keep down the canal appropriations. The Eric Canal is likely to petable from it; but then Govertor Flower always was a "railroad man."

The city of Albany is beginning to fill up with v-York Democratic Assemblymen, be-

but then Goverior Flower always was a Tadroud man."

The city of Albany is beginning to fill up with The city of Albany is beginning to fill up with distinguished Democrats. Mayor Gilroy of New Sixth is reported to be here, although he does hat have rooms at any of the hotels. Among the let have rooms at any of the hotels. Among the let have rooms at any of the hotels. Among the Items here are John Y. McKane and Edwin C. Itehfield, of Kings County; and Richard Croker, John D. Crimmins and Edward Kearney, of New-York. The other Democrate who have arrived here are Police Commissioner John C. Sheehan here are Police Commissioner John C. Sheehan here are Police Commissioner Flower's receptant to the Brooklam, Governor Flower's reception to morrow will apparently be largely attended by Democratic politicians, but Grover Cleveland has declined to be present.

EIGHT MEN AND BOYS TO BE HANGED

Baltimore Jan. 8.-Unless Governor Brown Interses the eight men and boys convicted of the Ger of Dr. J. H. Hill will be banged at Chestertown a Friday stat. The gallows will be twenty feet long and eight feet wide. There will be four traps, on each of which will stand two persons. These traps will be operated by a lever, and the drop will be

Governor Brown seems to be considerally disturbed over the responsibility resting on him. He has received a great many petitions for and against exsculive elemency in four of the eight cases. It has en represented in many of these appeals for pardon of the convicted persons are mere boys, un or fifteen years old, and that they were unwillingly ent when the crime was committed. The Govmor has been asked at least to suspend the execuof the boys for a reasonable time after the hanging of the men on the 13th, in order that, if Possible, some confession may be secured at the last moment relieving the boys of the terrible implication of mili which

SILVER MINES SHUTTING DOWN. Benver, Col., Jan. 8.-The closing down of the Rico olidated group of mines has caused a senn in mining and financial circles. Prominent ag men all agree that the step is the result of Proclation of sliver and the high wages paid to

silver advances. In case this action is taken thousands of men will be deprived of a chance to carn a living and Colorado will enter her first serious state of finan-cial depression.

THE FRANCO-RUSSIAN UNDERSTANDING.

AN AGREEMENT SAID TO HAVE BEEN SIGNED-THE POPE'S RELATIONS WITH THE TWO GOVERNMENTS.

Rome, Jan. 8 .- There is no longer any doubt that Russia. The Holy See has been confidentially in-formed that Signor Ressman, the Italian Ambassador at Paris, worked upon all the leading Republicans to hinder the Russo-French alliance and to break the present friendly relations between France and the He especially aimed at a rupture between President Carnot and the Pope and tried to enlist the support of the Free Masons. With the Opportunists Radicals Signor Ressman used argaments which appealed to them as liberal secturians. To the Moderate Republicans he set forth the incompatibility of Prefich civilization with the autocracy of the Czar. The Pope was apprised of the danger of these intrigues and gave instructions to the Nunclo, who warned M. Trivolski, the Czar's representative, who States, has objected in the most forcible terms | had resumed the diplomatic work. These instructions were first given in 1888, and had a special result in

Thanks to the Papal and other influences, the situation has at last been determined and crystallized in a formal agreement. The friendly relations between the Papacy and Russia are more intimate than ever, The Pope has caused instructions to be sent to the Russia. The Pope is convinced that the new year himself ready to make an appeal to the Nations when President-elect Cleveland for a few committee the day of complication shall come. He is finishing the day of complication shall come. He is finishing at this moment an encyclical on the perils of the situation in Europe, but its publication will depend upon eventualities. The Monarchist groups and other opponents of the Papal policy toward France take advantage of the Panama scandals to urge the Pope to retrace his steps, or at all events to use the greatest reserve toward the Republic. The Popenot only remained inflexible as to his attitude toward the Republican Government, but has declared that the Panama affair will favor the development of his democratic policy. It is probable that the Vatican will make some official statement of this opinion.

HENRY WHITE GIVES A DINNER IN LONDON.

London, Jan. 8 .- Henry White, First Secretary of at the Savoy Hotel to Professor Ronald F. Falkner, Thomas T. Keller and Thomas W. Cudler, United States delegates to the Brussels Conference, and Lientenant-Commander William H. Cowles, the United States Naval Attache, who entered on his duties here

Berlin, Jan. 8 .- All the Berlin dally papers reproduce the statement of the "Reichsanzelger," concerning the "Vorwarta's" story of the corruption practised in the use of the Guelph Fund under Prince Bismarck. Excepting the "Vorwaerts," the agree that everything goes to show the story to be pure inbrication. "Vorwaerts" maintains, however, that the receipts said to have been given by persons to whom money from the fund was paid, are genuine documents.

ACCUSED OF ABSCONDING WITH \$225,000. Brussels, Jan. 8 .- The manager of the Brussels the branch of the New-York Life Insurance Company has made legal complaint against a cashler and a clerk formerly employed by him. He charges them with having absconded with \$225,000.

JOHN F. COOK DROPS DEAD IN CHURCH.

HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE

AND AN USHER IN THE CHURCH. John F. Cook, of No. 979 Dean st., Brooklyn, a mem ber of the New-York Produce Exchange, and an usher in the Central Congregational Church, in Hancockst., near Franklin-ave., dropped dead last night while Charles T. Sherer & Co. He was in a half suffocate performing his duties at the evening services. Most condition. The estimated losses are as follows: of the congregation had been scated and the services. Charles T. Sherer & Co., miscellaneous stock of chean has begun when Mr. Cook was seen to clutch at his drygoods, \$75,000; heart and fall to the floor. The Rev. Dr. A. J. F. Covel & Osborne, mill supplies and hardware, \$20,000 heart and fall to the hoor.

Hearrends, the paster dismissed the congregation, and society for the pews. He was found to be dead. It is believed that death was due to heart discuse. The Coroner was called and he allowed the beday to be talken home. Mr. Cook left four some and three daughters. One of the sons lives in seattle

TYPHUS FEVER DECKEASING.

THREE NEW CASES AND SIX DEATHS REPORTED YESTERDAY

Six deaths and three new cases was the typhus fever record yesterday. The deaths were those of David Welsh, twenty-six years old, who had been found at No. 34 Bayard-t., on December 30; John Farley, fifty-seven years old, from the same pest-house, on December 31. Two days later Bayard-st. furnished three more victims in Richard Derney, James Ward and John Navin, who were removed to the Riverside Hospital on January 2, 3 and 4. These men all died yesterday. Thomas Malone, the sixth man to succumb. MR. SCHEPP WOULD NOT COMPLAIN OF TWO was discovered on Friday in his room at No. 208 First-Edward Mann, twenty years old, who on Wolnesday night walked into the St. Francis Hespital, in Fifth-st., and complained of being iii. Mann had lived at a hotel No. 212 Fulton-st. headache, the sore throat, the chils, the high temterature and all the earlier symptoms of typnus. Yet the house physician could only dignose his case as "some kind of fever," and put him in a ward with four other patients. Mann had occupied the ward with the other patients until Saturday night. Only then did the doctor discover that Mann's dimost covered with the characteristic livid rash, and at last, realizing that he saw a case of typhus, he sent a message to the Board of Health. Dr. Dillinghan was at once sent to the hospital, and on seeing Mann directed his removal to North Brother Island. The patients with whom Mann had been associated are

now isolated, while the ward itself was fumigated. John Lange, a printer, forty-one years old, of Frankfort and William sts., late on Saturday night stood before the desk sergeant at the Madison st. station trembling and shaking as if with deathly cold. head seems to be on fire and the room seems swimming round," he gasped, clasping his forehead with both hands. With Superintendent Byrnes's warning in his mind, the sergeant rang up an ambulance from Gonverneur Hospital, but the surgeon, who had already bitter memories of typhus which looked like "acute drunk," refused to entertain Lange, who at last was taken away in the Board of Health's "Black Maria,"

Bellevue Hospital had two more voluntary visitors Eugene Zecker, thirty-seven years old, staggered up to Policeman Gustave Hinkelday, of the Elevanth Frecinct, early on Saturday night, and begged that he might be taken out of the biting cold and sheltered in the police statton. "First I'm burning hot and then in a minute freezing cold," he cald. "I can scarcely stand." Hinkeld a had heard of the typhus, but his sense of Lumanity was stronger than bis fear, and he led Zecker to the Eldridge at police station. There the sergeant, not believing that the case was one of typhus, sent Zecker to the lodging-room at the rear of the station. There he remained huddled with the other lodgers until yesterday, when he was taken to Essex Market Police Court, where the justice, after a hasty glance, sent him to Hellevue at No. 9 Mulberry-st. This was enough for Dr. Stockwell, who sent him to the tent in the character of a suspect. staggered up to Policeman Gustave Hinkelday, of the

suspect.
Daniel J. Mahoney, thirty years old, a printer, who had worked on several morning papers, walked into hed worked on several morning papers, walked into Bellevue Hospital just after 11 o'clock yesterday and reasually mentioned that he had typius fever. Dr. Stewart examined him, and thought his symptoms more three of measurals that typius fever, but Stewart examined him, and nought his symptoms more resembled those of pneumonia than typing fever, but when he found that Malioney had slept for three nights at the Eureka House, No. 280 Bowery, and the Oxford House, No. 194 Park Row, he promptly lodged him in

NO CHARGE FOR SPACE AT THE FAIR. Chicago, Jan. 8 (Special).-Director-General Davis. of the World's Fair, when asked concerning the report sent out from New-York, to the effect that space for exhibits is being charged for, said: "There is no truth in this story. Space is not being charged for, has not been, and will not be. Any person who can show where a single charge has been made for space will confer a favor upon the management of the In reply to the assertion that no space Exposition. In reply to the assertion that he space has been allotted in any department, I can say that in every department but one the cuttre available space has practically been assigned. Of the exhibit space reserved for domestic exhibitors, more than 96 per cent has been given away."

PATRICK H. O'KEEFE SAVES A WOMAN'S

HE JUMPS FROM AN ELEVATED TRAIN AND IS AT WORK DEPORE THE EN-

Fire broke out shortly after 8 o'clock yester a formal agreement has been signed by France and day morning in the rear of the paint store No. 111 Second-ave., between Fifty-eighth and Fiftyninth-sts. The store is owned by Max Stabl, G. Blaine was again at death's door, and that building is a four-story apartment house. On the ticipation now held no hope of his recovery, beyears old, her daughter, Mrs. Getz, and Mrs. press bulletins to the country at large early this Elevated road was leaving the Fifty-seventh-st. have from time to time given out for publicastation on its way uptows. In the rear car of the train was Patrick II. O'Keefe, who is attached to Hook and Ladder truck No. 15, in Old Slip. O'Keefe lives at No. 428 East Seventy-has been entertained by any one in a position to acquire knowledge of the real facts of third-st., and was on his way home to breakfast. He saw the smoke from the fire as the train was leaving the station. As it passed the burning building O'Keefe caught sight of Mrs. Abrahams, Mrs. Getz and her daughter at the third-story window crying for help. Heavy black smeke was pouring out of the window. O'Keefe ran to the front platform of the car and pulled the gate open, sprang off to the narrow board walk at the side of the track while the train was under headway. He ran while the train was under headway. He ran station of Mr. Blaine has been entertained by any one in a position to acquire knowledge of the real facts of his ease since the issue of the significant bulletin of December 17 last, which said:

"Mr. Blaine has been suffering for some time past with symptoms of impaired general health, but which did not clearly indicate the disease of any particular organ. Evidence of local organic disease has been manifested recently, and it is believed his present condition is due to this cause. While there is nothing in the disease to warrant the fear of any very rapid progress, he has shown within a month past more which may be deside of her husband almost unintermittingly, watching every indication of charges of desponding emergency. Through all the stages of desponding of December 17 last, which said:

"Mr. Blaine has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his side to cheer and soothe last she has been at his dets she has been station on its way uptown. In the rear car of tion, no expectation of Mr. Blaine's ultimate rewhile the train was under headway. He ran back to the Fifty-seventh-st. station and down that this agreavation may pass od, but no pos-

the stairs with a rush. A minute later he was in front of the burning building. A policeman had just placed a stepladder from the sidewalk to the narrow shed the store door, and was on his way up the ladder. O'Keefe called him down, and, climb to the shed, hauled the ladder up after him. Placing it on the roof of the shed, which is only about four feet wide, he made his way up to the window where he had seen the

women, but they had disappeared. Making his way into the room, he groped through the thick smoke to the rear room. Here which the whole country has taken in the prohe found Mrs. Abrahams lying on the floor longed light against death made by its distin-hearly suffocated. He carried her to the front guished citizen that since that day the press

By this time the fire apparatus was at the scene. Fireman Hanburny and Devin, of Hook and Ladder track No. 16, placed a hadder up to the window and ran up to assist O'Keefe. Giving the unconscious woman into Hanburny's care, O Keefe and Devin went back into the rooms for the other two women. The younger woman was clad only in her nightdress, and was nearly frantic with fright. O'Keefe took Mrs. Getz in his arms and carried her down the ladder, while Devin followed with Miss Getz. The three women were taken to the rooms occupied by Mrs. Abrahams's son, in Second-ave., near Fifty seventhest, but it was some time before Miss Abrahams recovered from the effects of the smoke. It is probable that but for the brave act of O'Keefe she would have lost her life. The flames burned out the paint stere and the hall and stairway of the first floor, and did other slight dumage. The loss was estimated by the police at \$300.

DRYGOODS BURNED IN FALL RIVER.

Fall River, Mass., Jan. 8 .- A destructive fire broke ing, and continued to burn for three hours. It origi-

Brothers and damaging the Elkland carriage works. Assistance was asked from Addison and Corning N. Y., and from Westfield and Lawrenceville, Penn., all of these places responded. The loss was \$100,000, partly insured. One hundred men are thrown out of employment.

HE WAS A BOY HIMSELF ONCE.

LADS WHO STOLE A SLEIGHRIDE.

When fifteen-year-old Thomas Joyce and thirteen-year old Thomas Quinn, of No. 801 First-ave, and No. 317 East Forty-fourth-st, re-pectively, returned from stating at 5 o'clock Saturity evening, they leaged for some other source of pleasure. In front of John N Schepp's place at No. 797 First-ave, they saw his high-stepping young trotter tied to a post, and a stylish cutter, piled full of warm robes. Encircling the animal a glittering chain anivery-toned belie tinkled entranlingly. It was too muc for their boyish principle to combat. A minute later the cutter whished around the corner and two shining-faced were brimful and bubbling over with the jolliest kind of enjoyment. When Mr. Schepp saw the youngsters and learned what a pienic they had he suddenly remember d that he, too, was once a buy, and not so very long ago either, anr, as the horse was all right and nothing lost from the sleigh, he declined to make a complaint. So yesterday, in the Yorkville Police Court, Justice Tuintor made each urchin lift a pudgy right hand above his head solemnly forswear sleighriding surreptitiously, and

TAMPERED WITH THE GAS PIPES.

Logansport, Ind., Jan. 8 .- For the last two weeks taken away in the Board of Health's "Black Maria." the pressure of natural gas has been so low that con-tange has since displayed the rash, and is now in Riverside Hospital. The last fully developed case gas company's inspectors new making their rounds was Richard Cannon, thirty-three years old, from No. found that a large number of consumers have bored out the connecting pipe called the mixer, thereby allowing a larger flow of gas. Yesterday the company began shutting off gas from all consumers who have tampered with the mixers, and it is predicted that several hundred consumers will soon be without gas. Mayor Rend fined the gas company \$100, in two cases, for a dation of the city ordinance in raising the price of gas stoves from \$0 to \$15. The company appealed the case to the Circuit Coort.

> Amsterdam, N. Y., Jan. 8.-H. Seed, of New-York, has purchased the Bean & Becker knitting mill property at Rockton for \$54,000. Seed was the la creditor of Benn & Becker, who falled with liabilities amounting to more than \$100,000.

> The Cremorne McAnley Mission held its eleventh anniversary meeting yesterday, at the home, No. 104 West Thirty-second-ct. Both afternoon and evening services were crowded with men and women who have been saved from the slums, and by those who have given up their lives to missionary work. Charles E. Ballou, superintendents of the mission. Dr. A. S. Ball, the Rev. R. M. Offord, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Whittemore, S. Otis Llvingston, J. F. Shorey, the Rev. A. B. Simpson, S. H. Hadley, the Rev. Lev. A. E. Kittredge and Mrs. Courtlandt de Peyster Field.

TO GET THE PRESS CLUB SITE.

The building and charity fund of the New-York Press before the New Year began by 434 substribers. The \$100,000 which is required to secure the site for the proposed clubioure, at Frankfort and William sts., will be paid over to-morrow afternoon by W. J. Araell, trassurer. Joseph Pelltzer was the largest contributer, his subscription being \$5,000. J. C. La Vergne contributed \$2,000, while thirty-nine others subscribed \$1,000 each.

BRAVE ACT OF A FIREMAN. MR. BLAINE SINKING AGAIN.

HIS CONDITION YESTERDAY CRITICAL.

THREE ATTACKS OF HEART FAILURE CAUSE MUCH ANXIETY - POWERFUL STIMU-LANTS REQUIRED TO RESTORE

> THE SICK MAN TO CONSCIOUSNESS.

Washington, Jan 8.-The news that James The even those who had been most sanguine in anwhich the family and the attending physicians

itive statement can now be made as to changes

failure of the heart's action which for hours left the patient trembling on the verge of death, and which broke down much of the reticence that had been maintained, and drew out admissions which seemed to preclude any hope of recovery or even of any material amelioration of his condition.

his condition.

It is a significant indication of the interest which the whole country has taken in the prolonged light against death made by its distinguished citizen that since that day the press wires leading from Washington to the great news centres of the country have never for a single moment remained unmanned. Night and day operators and reporters have remained on duty, and at stated intervals every night bulletins have been sent out to indicate at least that no change for the worse had set in. More or less well-founded assertions of failing vitality and dangerous relapses have since then found publicity, but none has been officially admitted until yesterday.

Last night the physicians admitted that Mr. Blaine was worse and much weaker. Even By this time the fire apparatus was at the centres of the country have never for a single

Mr. Blaine was worse and much weaker. Even Shortly before 10 o'clock President Harrison Shortly before 10 o'clock President Harrison

Mr. Blaine was worse and much weaker. Even then this admission was qualified by the announcement that no immediate danger was felt, and that the doctors would not return during the night unless sent for. The exigencies of the case, however, required their presence, and after 1 o'clock one or the other of the physicians remained in mained in constant attendance at the bedside. At noon they authorized this statement:

"Yesterday Mr. Blaine lost strength, but last night his weakness became more decided for a few hours, and he seemed in danger of a speedy termination. Since morning, however, he is somewhat stronger, and at the present moment shows more decided evidences of rallying. But no great hope can be felt unless the improvement shall become more marked than at present, and continue for some hours. His present symptoms are connected with an irregular and feeble action of the heart."

The doctors' bulletin, alarming as it was, left many facts to be supplied by outside inquiries. It was about midnight that Mr. Blaine's condition has been more fowors."

It was about midnight that Mr. Blaine's condition has been more fowors. It was about midnight that Mr. Blaine's condition has been more fowors. The probabilities are that no change for the worse will take place to-night, although no positive as a curance can be given on this point. As compared with last night and this morning he is better."

many facts to be supplied by outside inquiries. It was about midnight that Mr. Blaine's condition became so alarming that the trained nurse who is constantly at his bedside had Dr. Johnston hurriedly summoned. He arrived at I o'clock and at 6 o'clock last evening set on fire the Elkland became apparent. Mr. Flaine's condition was so imagination to picture 3,000,000 tons of fee moving at Elkland, Tioga County, Penu. The alarming that the family fearfully looked for the end before the dawn of the Sabbath morning, and the condition that became a reality to-day. All potent known to medical science, were successful ered with men night and day. The steamers in time the church-goers had passed the family resi- Houston, Fleetwood, City of Madison, Carrolldence in Lafayette Square Mr. Blaine's condition weak and prostrated that the doctor did not dare to leave him, fearing another attack at any the Big Sandy, the Memphis and New-Orleans, and

At 7 o'clock Dr. Hyatt, the other physician, was summoned. At 8 o'clock Dr. Johnston left the house and hurried through Lafayette Park was all that was left of the \$70,000 worth of coal blocks away. To a reporter who intercepted given in these dispatches on Friday. Fleets of on his way to breakfast at his home, a few him Dr. Johnston said that Mr. Blaine at that hour was in a really dangerous condition. Dr. Johnston is a conservative man, and this was the most decided statement he had ever made respecting Mr. Blaine. Mr. Blaine, he said, began to grow weaker yesterday afternoon and there was cause for apprehension of the worse. In response to an inquiry as to Mr. Blaine's chances for rallying, Dr. Johnston said that the probabilities were in the direction of the

Dr. Johnston returned to Mr. Blaine's residence shortly before 10 o'clock, and soon afterward Dr. Hyatt went away, it being the intention of the doctors that unless there should be an unexpected display of strength on the part of the sick man, one or the other of them should remain with him constantly throughout the day. Dr Hyatt said that Mr. Blaine had rallied somewhat since early morning, and that his system responded more freely than it had heretofore done to the remedies administered. They had revived him to some extent, and the action of the heart was better.

Representative and Mrs. Hitt, intimate personal friends of the family, were the earliest callers of the day. They learned from members of the family that Mr. Blaine had passed a bad night, and that the worst was to be feared. Mr. Hitt said that Mr. Blaine had railied from the temporary tepression which occurred during the night, and that both the family and the physicians hoped he might recover some of the lost ground. Mr. litt sorrowfully admitted, however, that he did not think either Mrs. Blaine or other members of the family hoped for an ultimate recovery, and said that Mrs. Blaine was evidently prepared for the worst.

Robert Blaine, a brother of the sick man alled about 11 o'clock, and remained longer nan on any of his visits on previous days. When he left the house he said that the family felt more hopeful than earlier in the morning. His rother, however, was quite low, and he did not think it possible for any material improvement to punifest itself. Soon after 11 o'clock an intimate friend of the family left the residence and vas driven to the telegraph office, where messages were sent to relatives of the family. These stated, it is understood, that the family were without hope that Mr. Blaine would recover. Secretary Foster, of the State Department,

alled at the house shortly before 1 o'c'ock. He remained about fifteen minutes, and on leaving aid that Mr. Blaice was somewhat improved and was better than he was last night.

A warm personal friend of Mr. Blaine said this "Mr. Blaine has not had a connected the East

thought for thirty days past. The heart, while nourishing other organs, has not been strong enough to furnish the necessary blood for the Hence it is that, like the ancient pine, Mr. Blaine has been slowly perishing at the top Mr. Blaine dies like a philo opher at last, distaste ful as the subject of death has been to him in other and stronger days. A few weeks since he called his family about him and calmly told them that he did not expect to recover. He was in full possession of his mental faculties and went over his affairs in detail, and said to each of his children all that he had to say. In the intervening period the members of the family have become reconciled to the end, which is impending. When the history is written of third floor lived Mrs. Abrahams, eighty-three came known in Washington, and by means of Mr. Blaine's illness, the touching devotion of the wife and mother will be one of its interesting Getz's daughter, eighteen years old. Just after morning. Notwithstanding the hopeful views chapters. No one except the intimates of the family are able to appreciate her fidelity and watchfulness and courage. Mrs. Blaine has remained at the bedside of her husband almost un-

After the noon hour Mr. Blaine gradually fell

After the noon hour Mr. Blaine gradually fell into a semi-stupor, his sleep becoming more restful as it continued, and at 5 o'clock Dr. Johnston said that Mr. Blaine's condition showed slight improvement. He left the house at 5 o'clock, Dr. Hyatt coming almost immediately.

About this time Vice-President Morton, Representatives Hitt and Boutelle, Secretary of State Foster, Mr. Haliord and others called. Vice-President Morton saw the members of the family, and while they did not dare hope for any permanent improvement, they did not express themselves as anticipating any immediate collarse. Stanlar information was given to other close friends by members of the family and by the doctors, though the latter would not commit themeters and the same continuous continuous continuous standard continuous.

THE ICE GORGE AT CINCINNATI BROKEN.

MILLIONS OF TONS OF MOVING ICE. Cincinnati, Jan. s -It requires a stretch of the remained awake and within immediate call all steamers on the river at the port of Cincinnati night. The powerful heart restoratives applied by have been keeping steam up all the while waiting the doctor, which are stated to have been the most for the worst. All the coal fleets have been covin rallying and making more steady the feeble port and exposed are: Tacom, Bostonia, St. Lawand fitful pulsations of the heart, so that by the rence, Iron Queen, John K. Speed, New, Mary ton, Bonanza, Shirley, and City of Vevay. All was a shade better. He was still, however, so these are river packets. There are also several tow-boats.

Desides these were three huge wharf boats for the Louisville mail lines, respectively. In the in barges, an account of the disaster to which was coal that escaped on Friday were exposed, and are much more valuable than those that were torn

loose and carried down the river. At 2 o'clock this afternoon this mighty glacier of 3,000,000 tens began to move with a horrible grean, and the hills echoed with the screaming his condition grew worse with the enceming of the of a score of steam whistles. Grinding the shores, night. Mr. Blaine sank as the vital forces of crashing against the great stone piers of the five nature ebbed. He was at that time so low that mouster bridges, on it went, its speed increasing every minute. Nineteen steamers and a hundred coal barges, empty or loaded, had only two or three inches of oak plank to present resistance to this ponderous aggregation of power. Every man was at his post on the steamers, and every man was a hero. Again and again the penderous chains that held the steamers and the wharf boats to their moorings were parted, and as offen skilful hands repaired them. The two brid as above the public landing broke, the ice somewhat and prevented the otherwise inevitable destruction of every packet.

By 9 o'clock to-night all apparent danger to the steamers at the landing was over. The gorge had passed and the river was comparatively clear. One towboat, the Mattheson, owned by Marmot & Co., valued at \$5,000, was sunk and destroyed. Down below, the destruction of coal barges and other property from accounts at this hour (10) has been terrible. The harbor towboats Comet, Benwood and Alice Barr were going down with the gorge fully manned and working heroically to break the ice and save property.

The gorge that moved past Cincinnati extended from Coney's Island above the mouth of the Little Miami to below Anderson's Ferry, a distance of nearly eighteen miles. For ten miles below this the water was clear and open. Then came another gorge beginning at the mouth of the Great Miami and extending below Lawrenceburg. This lower gorge was about five miles long. The upper gorge with its doomed coal fleets crashed into it and tore it out and now both are grinding their way with a terrific roaring far down the Ohio at five or six miles an hoar. By 9 o'clock to-night all apparent danger to the

KILLED BY A SUBSTITUTE POLICEMAN. Chicago, Jan. 8 .- William Kinsella, a substitute police officer, shot and killed Charles Smith, colored, at Twenty sixth and State sts., last night. nesses declared that the officer was under the infin-ence of liquor, and that the shooting was scarcely less than a homicide. Smith had accused the officer of insulting a woman and of being drunk, and Kinsella resented the accusation by placing Smith under arrest. The officer than pushed the prisoner agains (the patro box, and calling on the crowd that had collected to fall back, drew his revolver and fired twice, one bullet passing through Smith's body and the other lodging in his head. Kinselia, who was placed under arrest, admitted that he had been drinking, but says that Smith knocked him down twice and that he shot

CHARLES A DANA HOME AGAIN. Among the passengers on La Bourgogne, which arrived here yesterday from Have, were Mr. and Mrs. Cherles A. Dana, who have been travelling in Europe

THE CATHOLIC DISPUTE.

A STATEMENT FROM A FRIEND OF ARCH-BISHOP IRELAND.

DR. CONWAY SAYS THERE IS NO NEED TO PRE FER CHARGES TO ROME AGAINST ARCH-BISHOP CORRIGAN WHILE THE PAPAL

DELEGATE IS IN AMERICA. St. Paul, Jan. 8 .- Archbishop Ireland would not alk to-day about the story that he had forwarded charges to the Pope that Archbishop Corrigan and others had organized a conspiracy for the over throw of Monsignor Satolli and himself. He had read the story but would say nothing about it However, the Rev. Dr. John Conway, Editor of "The Northwestern Chronicle," who stands nearest Archbishop Ireland of all ecclesiastics in the Northwest, had not been able to get away last night on his trip to England in the interest of the new Hill Catholic College here, and this evening

made the following statement:

"The news from Chicago regarding a conspiracy against Archbishops Satolli and Ireland has been received in St. Paul with much surprise. Many will doubtless be astonished at it. Most people will be, except the conspirators themselves, and those who follow ecclesiastical questions very closely. Journalists who are directly interested in Church matters knew by journalistic intuition that a conspiracy was being hatched. The people at large heard rumbling noises, but they never dreamt such a plan was concected. The libellous pamphlet written by Archbishop Corrigan's Italian secretary; the effusions of Miss Eades, garrulous old maid, who is Roman correspondent of "The New-York Cathelic News;" patches purporting to have come from Boston and other cities outside of New-York, yet all having letters published in 'The New-York Sun' and other papers peinted clearly to the existence of a conspiracy against the representative of the Holy Father. 'The Chicago Post' has done great earthing the arch-conspirator. Some scandal as well as great good will follow from the revelations of 'The Post,' but the clumsy Catalinism ble for the scandal, while the country will be immensely benefitted by the wholesome harmony between Catholic and non-Catholics which must now be intensified by reason of the knowledge given to the public by the Chicago newspaper

"The American people see in this an additional confirmative of Pope Leo's friendship and of his admiration of American institutions. This friendship and admiration have been well set forth by the Pope's representative, Monsignor Satolli. The anonymous writers of the cabalistic bureau will probably now cease. They are reasonably sus-

"I notice that 'The New-York Sun' of January 7 gives an extract from a letter said to have been received in New-York from a high ecclesiastic in One need not be gifted with omniscience to know that the so-called letter is the work of the bureau. Monsignor Sa olli is here for more purposes than the settlement of ecclesiastical questions. He is

As such, the most cordial courtesies were ex tended to him on his arrival in the United States. America was naturally grateful to the Pope for his prectical interest in the Columbian Exposition, and her gratitude was naturally deepened
by the Holy Father's unprecedented act of sending over a Vaican exhibit. Now, the United
States does not mean to allow any one to insult
her guests, and this country resents the gratuitous
insults offered by anonytaous correspondents when
at present the recipient of her hospitality. It is
not pleasant to speak strongly against any one,
and it is disagreeable to be plain spoken against
a few individuals who happen to be members of
one's own Church. If these few conspirators do
not now keep quiet I see nothing left except a
choice between locking them up in a lunatio
asylum or suppressing them as a public nuisance.

"I have just seen The Post." As to the statement that Archbishop Ireland has preferred

MILLIONS OF TONS OF MOVING ICE.

"I have just seen 'The Post.' As to the statement that Archbishop Ireland has preferred charges in Rome, there is no necessity for his sation to picture 3,000,000 tons of lee moving the miles an hour down the Ohio River—

five miles an hour down the statement that Archbishop Ireland has preferred that the statement that Archbishop Ireland has preferred that the down the ohio River—

five miles an hour down the upon which charges could be based."
Further than this statement from Dr. Conway
nothing could be had to-night, but there is good
reason for believing that no such charges have

> INTEREST AT THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY. EVERYBODY LOOKING FOR NEWS AND UNWILL

ING TO TALK-MGR. SATOLLI'S BOSITION. Washington, Jan. 8 (Special) .- "If it be true that Archbishop Ireland has done what it is said he has done," said one of the faculty of the Catholic University to The Tribune correspondent this evening then we are precluded from saying anything what ever on the question of the allegation reported to have been made against Archbishop Corrican by the Archbishop of St. Paul. All we know is what we have seen in the newspapers, and without entering into any statement regarding the truth or falsity of the report that charges have been formulated, we may assume that the report has some basis. It is virtually, therefore, in the hands of Rome, and noth-

The Tribune correspondent asked if the report had was that as the ablegate was one of the persons re-ferred to in the article, it would be indelicate for him to say anything. He had been made a party, according to the story, to the charges against the Archbishop of New-York. Therefore he, too, was precluded from talking upon the subject. "We all been submitted to Archbishop Satolil. feel here," said the professor, "that the personnel of the university should not discuss matters relating to ecclesiastical troubles. Insamuch as it is alleged that Archbishop Corrigan has sought to discredit and refact upon the Pope's legate, we certainly do not think it proper to add one word to the public discussion." It was freely admitted, however, that the report

had been read, but no one would express an opl one way or the other as to what was-thought of the argument or the statements implicating the Archbishop and the Catholic clergy in New-York City. In the authorized abstract of the meeting in New-York City, published for privite circulation among the Cathelle Bisheps in the United States, entitled "The Minutes of the Third Annual Conference Most Reverence Archbishops of the United States,

Most Reverenced Archbishops of the United States,*

is the following paragraph:

"His grace, the Archbishop of New-York, was requested to formulate an admonition to the Catholio press warning writers in accordance with the repeated historictions of Leo XIII to be prudent, moderate and charitable in treating questions about which there may be a divergence of opinion among Catholics, and above all not to presume to blame nor criticise the official acts of bishops in the administration of affairs in their respective discess."

What Archbishop Irliand has charged the metropolitan of Nov-York with doing can at present only be conjectured, but if he has really made allogations reflecting upon his associate in the Catholic hierarchy, based upon the articles said to have emanated from New-York, then not only Archbishop Ireland but all the other archbishops in the United States will become a party to the hearing, as Monsigner Corrigan has not only violated the rule of codesiastical propriety, but has also shown himself unworthy of the confidence reposed in him by his coadjutors in the episcopacy. Or course the harges have yet to be heard and sustained, but it is not regarded here as improbabe that the story from Chicago will be found to have Archbishop Ireland's appreval.

GRAVE CHARACTER OF THE CHARGES. THE POPE LIKELY TO SIT IN JUDGMENT HIM-

SELF-HAS MGR. SATOLLI LAID THE Among those who had read the report from Chicago was a Catholic priest visiting New-York, who knows Archbishop Ireland personally, and who said that if he had done as alleged he must be in pos-

session of stronger evidence than was printed h to-day.

could almost swear that if he has formally accused Archidshop Corrigan of having engaged in an unlawful conspiracy to weaken or undo the effect of the Pope's decisions in respect of church matters in America, or in having had recourse to methods unbecoming a bishop, the newspaper publication of to-